[7+3]

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech II Year I Semester Examinations, May/June - 2019 SIGNALS AND STOCHASTIC PROCESS

(Common to ECE, ETM) Max. Marks: 75 Time: 3 Hours Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions. PART- A (25 Marks) Give the condition for the physical reliability of a system. [2] 1.a) [3] What are the properties of convolution? b) [2] State any two properties of Fourier series. c) Find the Fourier transform of the signal x(t) = 20 sinc (20t). [3] d) Explain the concept of region of convergence for Laplace transforms. [2]. e) Write the differentiation in time property of Laplace transform. [3] f) [2] Define random process. g) Give the relation between correlation and Convolution. [3] h) Verify that the cross spectral density of two uncorrelated stationary random i) [2] processes is an impulse function. Define cross –spectral density and its examples. [3] j) (50 Marks) Graphically convolve the signals 2.  $X_{1}(t) = \begin{cases} 1; & for - T \le t \le T \\ 0; & elsewhere \end{cases} \text{ and } X_{2}(t) = \begin{cases} 1; & for - 2T \le t \le 2T \\ 0; & elsewhere \end{cases}$ [10] What is an LTI system? Explain the properties of it. Find whether  $x(t) = A e^{-\alpha(t)} u(t)$ ,  $\alpha > 0$  is an energy signal or not. 3.a) [5+5] b) Obtain the Fourier series coefficients for  $x(t) = A \sin \omega_0 t$ . 4.a) What is the Significance of Hilbert Transform? Explain. [5+5] b) Define Fourier transform. Explain the properties of Fourier transform. [10] 5. Find the Laplace transform of  $x(t) = -t^2e^{-at}u(-t)$  and indicate its ROC. 6.a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of b) [5+5] x(s) = 5(s+5)/s(s+3)(s+7); Re(s) > -3.Find the inverse Z- transform of  $X(z) = \frac{1+3z^{-1}}{1+3z^{-1}+2z^{-2}}$  for different possible ROCs. 7.a)

Give the relationship between z-transform and Laplace Transform.

8.a) A Random Process  $X(t) = A \cos(2\pi f_c t)$ , where A is a Gaussian Random Variable with zero mean and unity variance, is applied to an ideal integrator, that integrates with respect to 't', over (0,t). Check the output of integrator for stationarity.

b) A random Process is defined as  $X(t)=3 \cos(2\pi t+Y)$ , where Y is a random Variable with  $p(Y=0)=p(Y=\pi)=1/2$ . Find the mean and Variance of the Random Variable X(2). [5+5]

OR

9.a) State and prove properties of cross correlation function.

b) If the PSD of X(t) is  $S_{xx}(\omega)$ . Find the PSD of dx(t)/dt.

[5+5]

10.a) Find and plot the Autocorrelation function of (i) Wide band White noise (ii) Band Pass White noise.

b) Derive the expression for the Cross Spectral Density of the input Process X(t) and the output process Y(t) of an LTI system in terms of its Transfer function. [5+5]

OR

11. The auto correlation function of a random process X(t) is  $R_{XX}(\tau) = 3+2 \exp(-4\tau^2)$ 

a) Evaluate the power spectrum and average power of X(t).

b) Calculate the power in the frequency band  $-1/\sqrt{2} < \omega < 1/\sqrt{2}$ .

[5+5]

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