Code No: 127CK

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech IV Year I Semester Examinations, December - 2019 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

		DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING		
	War and the second	(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)		
$\overline{}$	Time:	3 Hours Max.Marks:75		
	Note:	This question paper contains two parts A and B.		
		Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B		
		consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each ques	tion	
		carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.		
		PART- A		
en en en	[****\		Marks)	
in the	(1.a)	What is a shift invariant system? Give example.	2]**\	
anned.	b)	Find the transfer function of first order recursive filter.	[3]	
	c)	Determine the basis matrix for 8-point DFT.	[2]	
	d)	Which properties of the twiddle factors are used for development of fast algori	thm for	
			[3]	
	e)	List out the characteristics of Chebyshev Type I filter.	[2]	
.,	f)		3]	
	g)		2] <	
	h)		3]_/ \	
1	i)		2]	
	j)		3]	
		PART-B		
			Marks)	
	2.a)	Find the impulse response and step response of a discrete-time linear time in	ivariant	
	1	system whose difference equation is given by		
******		y(n)=y(n-1)+0.5y(n-2)+x(n)+x(n-1)		
	b)	A discrete time system has a unit impulse response h(n) given by		
2		$h(n) = \frac{1}{2}\delta(n) + \delta(n-1) + \frac{1}{2}\delta(n-2)$. Find the system frequency response $H(e^{j\omega})$); plot	
			5+5]	
		OR	1	
·····)	(3.a)	Determine the impulse response of the system described by difference e	quation	
·····(,5.4)	y(n) = y(n-1) - 0.5y(n-2) + x(n) + x(n-1). Plot the pole zero respon	ise and	
energe.	1 %	discuss on the stability.	T Benefit Co. V.	
	b)	Obtain the direct form II and parallel form for		
			5.1.57	
		$y(n) = \frac{5}{6}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{6}y(n-2) = x(n) + 2x(n-1)$	5+5]	
and of	4.a)	State and prove the properties of Discrete Fourier Transform.		
{	b)	The input sequence is $x(n) = \{1,2,3,4,5,1,2,3,4,5\}$. Let the impulse response		
an eres ²	1	the filter be $h(n) = \{3,2,1,1\}$. Use overlap and add method to calculate the convergence of the convergenc		
			5+5]	
		OR		
*0	5.a)	Compute eight point FFT for $x(n)=\{1,2,2,1,1,2,1,1\}$ using decimation in time	ie FFT	
		Algorithm		
		Algorithm.		
	b)		5+5]	

8R	8R 8R 8R 8R	8R	8R		
6.a)	Using a impulse invariant transformation with T=1sec, desig which satisfies the following conditions:	n a digital Butte	erworth filter		
88	$0.75 \le H(e^{j\omega}) \le 1; \ 0 \le \omega \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ $ H(e^{j\omega}) \le 0.2; \ \frac{3\pi}{4} \le \omega \le \pi$	88	8R		
b)	What is the meaning of bilinear transformation? Explain the m and Z-domain using this method.	apping between	S-domain [5+5]		
7.a) b)	7.a) Design a digital Chebyshev filter for the following specifications using BLT method. The filter is required to have 2dB ripple in the pass band edge frequency of 2000Hz and an attenuation of 40dB at 6000 Hz. The sampling frequency is 10000Hz				
8.a) S C b)	Design FIR digital band-pass filter with the magnitude response $H(f) = \begin{cases} 1 & for 100 \le f \le 200Hz \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$ Use Hanning window What is the use of introducing delays in the impulse response of OR	v. S \Rightarrow f the filter?	S -		
9.a)	Design a 9-coefficient FIR HPF using frequency sampling meth	od with cut-off	frequency		
b) 10.a) b)	where F_s is the sampling frequency. Plot the magnitude responsible Explain Fourier series expansion method for FIR filter design. Draw the block schematic for a decimator and explain the need to Avoided? Draw the spectrum of the signal after filtering and after Design a two stage interpolator to increase the sampling free 512KHz.	for a filter. How	[6+4] is aliasing		
3 P ^{11.a)}	Consider the transfer function $H(z) = \frac{C}{(1 - 0.0 - 1)(1 - 0.0 - 1)}$	8R	8R		
b)	Find the steady-state noise power due to product round-off. What are the methods to avoid overflow of adders?		[5+5]		
3R	SR SR SP SP	8R	8R		
		8			
) R	8R 8R 8R	8 P			