Code No.: R22EC403ES

CMR ENGINEERING COLLEGE: : HYDERABAD UGC AUTONOMOUS II-B.TECH-II-Semester End Examinations (Regular) -July- 2024

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

(Common for CSE, CSC)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 60]

(10 Marks)

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 10 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART-A

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1. a)	What is meant by Static resistance of diode?	[1M]
b)	What is the ripple factor for full wave rectifier with capacitor filter?	[1M]
c)	Explain the early effect?	[1M]
d)	What are the different configurations of BJT?	[1M]
e)	Define FET.	[1M]
f)	What is the fan-out of TTL Logic family	[1M]
g)	Define multiplexer draw 2:1 MUX.	[1M]
h)	Draw the full subtractor truth table.	[1M]
i)	Differentiate between synchronous and asynchronous counter.	[1M]
j)	What is the need for state reduction in sequential circuit design?	[1M]

PART-B

(50 Marks)

Define PN junction diode and explain the V-I characteristics of PN junction diode in [10M] 2. forward and reverse bias conditions.

OR

- Draw the circuit diagram and explain the working of full wave rectifier and derive the 3. [10M] expression for average output current and rectification efficiency.
- 4. What are the Biasing Techniques used in BJT and explain self-bias technique in [10M] detail?

OR

- Explain the working of 2 stage cascade CE Amplifier? 5. [10M] Explain the enhancement and depletion modes of MOSFET with the help of its 6. [10M] characteristics and construction. OR 7. Design 2 input CMOS NAND and NOR Gates and derive its truth Table. [10M] 8. Implement a function $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma m(0,1,3,4,8,9,15)$ using multiplexer. [10M] OR 9. Reduce the expression $F=\sum m(1, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14) + \sum d(2, 4)$ and implement the real [10M] minimal expression using k map. 10. Explain Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop and Mention its Advantages. [10M] OR Define shift register. Explain the different types of shift register. 11. [10M]
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