

CMR ENGINEERING COLLEGE: : HYDERABAD

UGC AUTONOMOUS

III-B.TECH-II-Semester End Examinations (Supply) - December- 2025

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(ECE)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 60]

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 10 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.

Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART-A**(10 Marks)**

1. a) Define linear shift invariant system. [1M]
- b) Define causal system and non causal system. [1M]
- c) Write the formula for N point IDFT. [1M]
- d) Why FFT is preferred to DFT? [1M]
- e) What are the disadvantages of impulse invariant method? [1M]
- f) What are the properties of bilinear transformation? [1M]
- g) Write the important features of IIR filters. [1M]
- h) What are finite word-length effects? [1M]
- i) What are the applications of Digital signal processor? [1M]
- j) Define sampling theorem [1M]

PART-B**(50 Marks)**

2. For the given system $y(n)=x(n)-2x(n-1)+x(n-2)$, determine the magnitude and phase response. [10M]

OR

- 3.a) Verify the system $y(n) = 2 / [x(n) + 3]$ for its linearity time invariance, causality and stability. [5M]
- b) Obtain the frequency response of the system; $Y(n) = -2y(n-1) + 3y(n-2) + 4x(n)$ and plot. [5M]

4. Find the 8-point DFT of the following Sequences by using DIT radix -2 FFT algorithm: [10M]
 $x(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0\}$.

OR

5. Find the DFT of the Sequence $x(n)$ defined by $x(n) = 1$ for $2 \leq n \leq 6$ and $x(n) = 0$ for $n = 0, 1$ and 7 . Use DIF radix-2 FFT algorithm. Give all intermediate results. [10M]

6. Design a Butterworth IIR low pass filter with the following specifications: passband ripple $\alpha_p = 1$ dB, stop band attenuation $\alpha_s = 40$ dB, pass band edge frequency is 2 KHz, stop band edge frequency 10 KHz, Sampling frequency is 25 KHz. Use the bilinear transformation technique. [10M]

OR

7. Design a Chebyshev filter with $\alpha_p = 2.5$ dB, $\Omega_p = 20$ rad/sec, $\alpha_s = 30$ dB, $\Omega_s = 50$ rad/sec. [10M]

8. Design an ideal LPF, whose response is $H_d(e^{j\omega}) = e^{j3\omega}$ $0 \leq \omega \leq \pi/3$ [10M]
 $= 0$ otherwise.

Using a rectangular window, $N=5$ **OR**

- 9.a) Compare IIR and FIR filters. [5M]
- b) What is an aliasing effect? [5M]

- 10.a) Explain the spectrum of down sampling. [5M]
- b) Write the applications of multi rate signal processing. [5M]

OR

- 11.a) Draw and explain the spectrum of a down sampler used in decimator. [5M]
- b) State and prove identities used in Multirate signal processing related to decimator. [5M]
