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Code No: 09A30305

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, HYDERABAD B.Tech II Year I Semester Examinations, June/July-2014

## THERMODYNAMICS

(Common to ME, AE, AME)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

## Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

Note: Use of steam tables permitted

- 1.a) Explain quasi static process.
  - b) Distinguish between reversible and irreversible processes.
  - c) Explain the difference between path function and point function.
- 2.a) Apply the steady flow energy equation to:
  - i) Nozzle
  - ii) Steam turbine
  - iii) Air compressor.
  - b) Air at a pressure of 50 bar and volume of  $0.2 \text{ m}^3$  is expanded at constant pressure until the volume is doubled. It is then expanded according to  $pv^{1.35} = constant$  until the volume is  $0.8 \text{m}^3$ . Caluculate the work done in each process.
- 3.a) Explain the Kelvin-plank and Clausius statements of second law of Thermodynamics.
- b) One kg of air initially at 10 bar pressure and 400 K temperature expands according to the law pv <sup>1,28</sup> = constant until the pressure is reduced to 2 bar. Determine:
  - i) Final specific volume and temperature
  - ii) Change in internal energy
  - iii) Work done
  - iv) Heat transfer
  - v) Change in entropy. Consider R = 0.287 kJ/kg K and  $\gamma = 1.4$ .
- 4.a) What is the difference between triple point and critical point temperature?
  - b) Write the importance of Mollier chart.
  - c) A sample of steam at 6 bar pressure is stated to have an enthalpy of 2400 kJ/kg, Make calculations for the specific volume, internal energy, and entropy for this sample of steam.
- 5.a) Write the importance of compressibility chart.
  - b) Explain the equation of state.
  - c) Discuss the terms in Vander waals equation and what is the importance of Vander Waals equation.
- 6.a) Write the importance of volumetric and gravimetric analysis for mixture of gases.
  - b) A sling psychrometer reads 40 °C DBT and 28 °C WBT. Calculate:
    - i) Specific humidity
    - ii) Relative humidity

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- iii) Vapor density of air
- iv) Dew point temperature
- v) Enthalpy of moist air.

- 7.a) Derive the expression for the air standard efficiency of Otto cycle.
  - b) A diesel engine is working on Diesel cycle has a compression ratio of 15 and fuel supply is cut off at 8% of stroke. If the engine has a relative efficiency of 55%, determine the fuel consumption per kW-hr. Take the calorific value of fuel as 44,500 kJ/kg. Draw the cycle on P-V and T-S planes.
- 8.a) Explain the working of Vapor compression refrigeration cycle and mention various processes on P-h plane.
  - b) Derive the expression for the efficiency of Brayton cycle.



