Code No: 113BR

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech II Year I Semester Examinations, February/March-2016 BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(Common to CSE, IT)

Time: 3 Hours

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Max. Marks: 75

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Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

PART- A (25 Marks) 1.a) Explain the basic circuit components. [2] **b**) Explain Kirchhoff's laws. [3]誤 12EC c) What is meant by power factor? [2] Derive an expression for average power across a capacitor connected to an **d**) alternating supply. e) AND THE SECOND Give the constructional details of a 1-6 transformer. [2] f) Define regulation of a Transformer. [3] g) What is the condition for maximum efficiency of a d.c machine? [2] Define slip and slip speed of a 3-4/Induction motor. h) [3]se What are the materials with which pointer and scale are manufactured? i) [2] j) What are the advantages and disadvantages of M.I instrument? [3]

**PART-B** 

(50 Marks)

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[4+6]

2.a) State and explain Thevenin's theorem.

b) Determine the current/I in the network by using Thevenin's theorem (Figure 1).

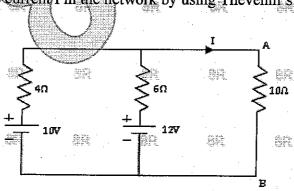


Figure: 1 OR

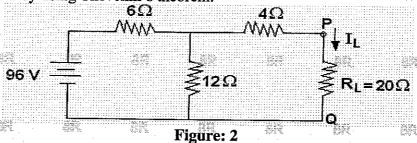
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3.a) State and explain Max. Power transfer theorem.

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b) Calculate the current flowing through  $R_L = 20$  of the network shown in the figure 2 by using Thevenin's theorem.



	4.	A 20 $\Omega$ resistance and 30mH inductance are connected in series and the circuit is	
<b>\$13</b> 1		fed from a 230V, 50Hz, AC supply. Find	(42.17) 172.17 172.27
	- ' '	a) Reactance across the inductance, impedance, admittance, current.	****
	-	b) Voltage across the resistance.	
		c) Voltage across the inductance.	
	<b>197</b> 1.	d) Reactive and Active powers.	
	**	e) Power Factor. [2+2+2+2]	
		OR CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	
- 1885 - 1885	5.	Explain the behaviour of AC through:	3 X 1-10 mpm.
		a) Pure R	Andri 4.
		b) Pure L	•
		c) Pure C circuits.	
844	THE	For each case, derive the instantaneous value of V and I, Impedance, Average	STEEL.
		power, Power factor, Instantaneous power and the relevant phasors. [3+3+4]	
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	6.a)	With the help of diagram explain the principle of operation of transformer.	ceses.
Nagati Pa	b)	Derive an expression for emf induced in a transformer. [5+5]	
	7.3	OR	
	7.a)	Determine the efficiency of a 150 KVA transformer at 50% full load and 0.8	
	2194	power factor lag if the copper loss at full load is 1600 watts and iron loss is	The same
	<b>1</b> .)	1400 watts.	
	b)	Draw the no load and full load phasor diagrams of a transformer. [5+5]	
	o 200	Typica the naid the control of the c	
PAR A	8.a)	Explain the principle of operation of 3-φ induction machine with near diagram.	
	b)	A 6 pole induction motor is fed form 60 Hz supply. If the frequency of rotor EMF	
		at full load is 2 Hz. Find the full load speed and %slip. [7+3]  OR	
Park A	9.a)	With neat sketches, explain the construction and functions of the various parts of	SPEED LEE TO
	٦.۵)	a d.c. machine	
	b)	A 100V series motor takes 45 A when running at 750 rpm. Its armature resistance	
du idili Bookani		is 0.22 ohms, while the series field resistance is 0.13 ohms. Iron and frictional	44.775
	केटना क	losses amounts to 750 W. Find the shaft power. [6+4]	
		[014]	
	10.	Explain the following with reference to the measuring instruments:	
5195 3.127 J.	Special Re- lated in the	a) Deflecting torque	-11, Marie 47, V -12 1, Marie 1, Marie
		b) Controlling torque and	
		c) Damping torque. [3+3+4]	
20 10% 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	954	$\mathbf{QR}$ are second	ent.
	11.	Explain with neat sketch the construction and working of a PMMC. [10]	S. S. E.
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