$\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 2

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 MASS TRANSFER AND SEPARATION Bio-Technology

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. How does the concentration gradient for the molar transfer rate differ when expressing the transfer in overall and local transfer coefficients respectively? [16]
- An ethanol water mixture containing 36% by weight of ethanol is differentially distilled at 1 atm pressure and the mixture is reduced to a maximum ethanol concentration of 6 mol% Determine the composition of the distillate. The VLE data: [16]

Mol frac of ethanol in $liquid(X)$						
Mole fraction of ethanol in $vapor(Y)$	0.517	0.502	0.485	0.464	0.438	

- 3. For mass transfer across a phase interface, what is the difference between the film, penetration, and surface-renewal theories, particularly with respect to the dependence on diffusivity? [16]
- 4. Can absorption be accompanied by a temperature change? Why? What is the difference between physical absorption and chemical (reactive) absorption? [16]
- 5. Write short note on :
 - (a) fixed bed leaching
 - (b) Moving bed leaching with neat diagrams. [16]
- 6. Write notes on:
 - (a) Adsorption wave and break through curve
 - (b) Pressure solving and thermal solving methods, BET Isotherm. [8+8]
- 7. What is dialysis and what are the different equipment available for dialysis and explain in detail about Hemodialysis in Artificial Kidney? [16]
- 8. Distinguish between Eddy and Molecular Diffusion? [16]

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 4

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 MASS TRANSFER AND SEPARATION **Bio-Technology**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

[16]

[16]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. Write short note on :
 - (a) fixed bed leaching
 - (b) Moving bed leaching with neat diagrams.
- 2. How does the concentration gradient for the molar transfer rate differ when expressing the transfer in overall and local transfer coefficients respectively? [16]
- 3. Distinguish between Eddy and Molecular Diffusion?
- 4. An ethanol water mixture containing 36% by weight of ethanol is differentially distilled at 1 atm pressure and the mixture is reduced to a maximum ethanol concentration of 6 mol% Determine the composition of the distillate. The VLE data: [16]

1 ()	0.18					
Mole fraction of ethanol in $vapor(Y)$	0.517	0.502	0.485	0.464	0.438	

- 5. Write notes on:
 - (a) Adsorption wave and break through curve
 - (b) Pressure solving and thermal solving methods, BET Isotherm. [8+8]
- 6. For mass transfer across a phase interface, what is the difference between the film, penetration, and surface-renewal theories, particularly with respect to the dependence on diffusivity? [16]
- 7. Can absorption be accompanied by a temperature change? Why? What is the difference between physical absorption and chemical (reactive) absorption? |16|
- 8. What is dialysis and what are the different equipment available for dialysis and explain in detail about Hemodialysis in Artificial Kidney? [16]

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 1

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 MASS TRANSFER AND SEPARATION **Bio-Technology**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

[16]

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. For mass transfer across a phase interface, what is the difference between the film, penetration, and surface-renewal theories, particularly with respect to the dependence on diffusivity? [16]
- 2. Write notes on:
 - (a) Adsorption wave and break through curve
 - (b) Pressure solving and thermal solving methods, BET Isotherm. [8+8]

3. Write short note on :

- (a) fixed bed leaching
- [16](b) Moving bed leaching with neat diagrams.
- 4. What is dialysis and what are the different equipment available for dialysis and explain in detail about Hemodialysis in Artificial Kidney? [16]
- 5. Can absorption be accompanied by a temperature change? Why? What is the difference between physical absorption and chemical (reactive) absorption? [16]
- 6. How does the concentration gradient for the molar transfer rate differ when expressing the transfer in overall and local transfer coefficients respectively? [16]
- 7. Distinguish between Eddy and Molecular Diffusion?

8. An ethanol water mixture containing 36% by weight of ethanol is differentially distilled at 1 atm pressure and the mixture is reduced to a maximum ethanol concentration of 6 mol% Determine the composition of the distillate. The VLE data: [16]

Mol frac of ethanol in $liquid(X)$	0.18	0.16	0.14	0.12	0.10
Mole fraction of ethanol in vapor(Y)	0.517	0.502	0.485	0.464	0.438

 $\mathbf{R07}$

Set No. 3

II B.Tech II Semester Examinations, April/May 2012 MASS TRANSFER AND SEPARATION **Bio-Technology**

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks *****

- 1. For mass transfer across a phase interface, what is the difference between the film, penetration, and surface-renewal theories, particularly with respect to the dependence on diffusivity? [16]
- 2. Write short note on :
 - (a) fixed bed leaching
 - (b) Moving bed leaching with neat diagrams. [16]
- 3. Can absorption be accompanied by a temperature change? Why? What is the difference between physical absorption and chemical (reactive) absorption? [16]
- 4. Distinguish between Eddy and Molecular Diffusion? [16]
- 5. What is dialysis and what are the different equipment available for dialysis and explain in detail about Hemodialysis in Artificial Kidney? |16|
- 6. Write on:
 - (a) Adsorption wave and break through curve and
 - (b) Pressure solving and thermal solving methods. BET Isotherm. [8+8]
- 7. How does the concentration gradient for the molar transfer rate differ when expressing the transfer in overall and local transfer coefficients respectively? |16|
- 8. An ethanol water mixture containing 36% by weight of ethanol is differentially distilled at 1 atm pressure and the mixture is reduced to a maximum ethanol concentration of 6 mol% Determine the composition of the distillate. The VLE data: [16]

Mol frac of ethanol in $liquid(X)$	0.18	0.16	0.14	0.12	0.10
Mole fraction of ethanol in vapor(Y)	0.517	0.502	0.485	0.464	0.438
