Code No: R09222201

SET-1

### B.Tech II Year - II Semester Examinations, April-May, 2012 SENSORS AND SIGNAL CONDITIONING

(Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- - -

- 1.a) Define the following static characteristics
  - i) Accuracy
- ii) Precision
- iii) Sensitivity
- iv) Resolution.
- b) Obtain the step response of second order system.

[8+7]

- 2. Explain the functioning of following resistive sensors
  - a) RTD
  - b) Strain gauges.

[7+8]

- 3.a) Resistors in a Wheatstone bridge are R1=R2=R3=120ohms and R4=121 $\Omega$ . If the supply is 10V, Find voltage offset.
  - b) Explain the operation of Instrumentation amplifier.

[7+8]

- 4.a) Explain the constructional features of Synchros.
  - b) Explain in detail the operation of parallel plate capacitor sensors.

[8+7]

- 5.a) Derive an offset voltage relation for AC bridge under the bridge null condition.
  - b) Explain about resolver to digital converter.

[8+7]

- 6.a) Explain in detail the principle of operation of Solar cell.
  - b) Explain briefly about the electrochemical sensors.

[7+8]

- 7.a) Explain chopper amplifier with a neat sketch.
  - b) Explain the principle of operation of electrometer amplifier with a neat sketch.

[8+7]

- 8. Write short notes on the following
  - a) Quartz digital thermometer
  - b) Photo transistor
  - c) Ultrasonic based sensors.

[5+5+5]

R09

Code No: R09222201

SET-2

## B.Tech II Year - II Semester Examinations, April-May, 2012 SENSORS AND SIGNAL CONDITIONING

(Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

1.a) What are static characteristics? Define them.

b) Obtain the ramp response of First order system. [8+7]

2. Explain the working of following resistive sensors

a) Thermistor

b) LDR. [7+8]

3.a) Derive an offset voltage relation for balanced DC bridge.

b) Explain in detail the shunt calibration method. [8+7]

4.a) Explain the operation of LVDT and mention its advantages.

b) Explain in detail the operation of parallel plate capacitor sensors. [10+5]

5.a) If  $Z_1$ =1Kohm,  $Z_2$ =2Kohm,  $Z_3$ =1K+ 1 / j $\omega$ C,  $Z_x$ =  $R_x$ +1 / j $\omega$ C $_x$  and C= 1 $\mu$ F. Find the value of  $R_x$  and  $C_x$  when the bridge is nulled?

b) Explain the need of carrier amplifier-application to LVDT? [7+8]

6. Describe the following self generating sensors

a) Piezo-electric sensors

b) Photo-voltaic sensors. [8+7]

7.a) Explain the principle of operation of chopper amplifier with a neat sketch.

b) Explain charge amplifier with a neat sketch. [8+7]

8. Write short notes on the following

- a) Vibrating wire stain gages
- b) Magneto transistors.

c) Fibre optic sensors. [5+5+5]

R09

Code No: R09222201

SET-3

# B.Tech II Year - II Semester Examinations, April-May, 2012 SENSORS AND SIGNAL CONDITIONING

(Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

#### **Answer any five questions** All questions carry equal marks

Describe systematic errors and random errors.  Obtain the step response of first order system.	[8+7]
Compare Metal and Semiconductor Strain gauges. Explain in detail the principle of operation of LDR.	[8+7]
Derive an offset voltage relation for balanced Wheatstone bridge. Explain the need of instrumentation amplifier.	[8+7]
Explain in detail the principle of operation of following sensors a) Electromagnetic sensors b) Hall effect sensors.	[8+7]
Derive a offset voltage relation for balanced AC bridge. Explain about digital to resolver converter.	[8+7]
Describe the following self generating sensors a) Electrochemical sensors b) Thermoelectric sensors.	[8+7]
Explain the principle of operation of charge amplifier with a neat sketch Explain electrometer amplifier with a neat sketch.	. [8+7]
Write short notes on the following a) Saw sensors b) Photo diodes c) CCD image sensors.	[5+5+5]
	Obtain the step response of first order system.  Compare Metal and Semiconductor Strain gauges. Explain in detail the principle of operation of LDR.  Derive an offset voltage relation for balanced Wheatstone bridge. Explain the need of instrumentation amplifier.  Explain in detail the principle of operation of following sensors a) Electromagnetic sensors b) Hall effect sensors.  Derive a offset voltage relation for balanced AC bridge. Explain about digital to resolver converter.  Describe the following self generating sensors a) Electrochemical sensors b) Thermoelectric sensors.  Explain the principle of operation of charge amplifier with a neat sketch Explain electrometer amplifier with a neat sketch.  Write short notes on the following a) Saw sensors b) Photo diodes

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SET-4

## B.Tech II Year - II Semester Examinations, April-May, 2012 SENSORS AND SIGNAL CONDITIONING

(Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

1.a)	Classify the sensors.	
• .		

Obtain the impulse and step response of first order system. b)

[5+10]

- 2.a) Compare RTD and Thermistors.
  - Obtain a relation for gage factor of a metal stain gage. b)

[8+7]

- 3.a) Derive an offset voltage relation for Wheatstone bridge under the bridge null condition?
  - b) Explain about interference types and reduction methods.

[8+7]

- 4. Explain in detail the principle of operation of following sensors
  - a) Magneto elastic sensors
  - b) Eddy current sensors.

[8+7]

- 5.a) Explain briefly the carrier amplifier with a neat sketch.
  - Explain the need of signal conditioning for reactance variation sensor. [10+5]b)
- 6.a) Mention the types of Self generating sensors. Explain their principle of operation and working.
  - Explain in detail the principle of operation of Thermocouple. b)

[5+10]

- 7.aExplain briefly low drift amplifier with a neat sketch.
  - b) Discuss about the noise in the amplifier.

[8+7]

- Write short notes on the following 8.
  - a) Position encoder
  - b) Magneto Diode
  - c) Charge coupled sensors.

[5+5+5]