R09

Code No: 09A50407

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, November/December-2013 ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1.a) Discuss the Generation of AM waves in square law Modulator in detail. Explain about envelope detector. b) [15] How many types of generation methods of DSB-SC? Discuss in detail. 2.a) b) Draw AM transmitter block diagram and explanation of each block. [15] 3.a) Discuss Phase discrimination method for generating AM SSB Modulated waves. Explain the detection of VSB signal using filter method? b) [15] Compare Narrow band FM and Wide band FM. 4.a) Which method of FM signal generation is the preferred, when the stability of the b)
- carrier frequency is of major concern? Discuss about the method in detail. [15]
- 5.a) Discuss Zero crossing detector and Foster Seeley Discriminator,
 - b) Draw the FM transmitter block diagram and explain the function of each block.

[15]

- 6. For a de emphasis network used with an FM receiver, the time constant of the RC circuit is 70μs. Compute
 - (a) The break frequency
 - (b) The frequency at which the gain of the de emphasis circuit is reduced to half its maximum gain?
 - (c) The approximate frequency at which the de emphasis is four times that at the break frequency. [15]
- 7.a) Explain Frequency changing and tracking.
 - b) A superhetrodyne radio receiver is tuned to receive a 1550 KHz carrier amplitude modulated by a 6 KHz sinusoidal tone. Assuming the IF to be 455 KHz, identify the input and output frequency components for the IF amplifier. The IF bandwidth is 15 KHz.
- 8. Write a short note on
 - (a) Generation of PWM
 - (b) Demodulation of PPM.

[15]
