Code No: 56018 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year II Semester Examinations, October/November - 2016 **REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING** (Mechanical Engineering)

Answer any five questions

All questions carry equal marks

Max. Marks: 75

[15]

[8+7]

R09

A Carnot refrigerator and a heat pump are supplied with equal amount of work. The refrigerator operates between $-27^{\circ}C$ and $+27^{\circ}C$ and the heat pump operates between + 45° C and + 27°C. The refrigerator absorbs 4000 kJ/ min at -27°C. The heat pump absorbs all the heat rejected by the refrigerator and supplies at 45°C. Compute (a) COP of refrigerator (b) COP of heat pump (c) Heat available at + 450C and (d) Work input to each unit. [15]

A simple saturation ammonia compression system has a high pressure of 1.35 MN/m² and low pressure of 0.19 MN/m². Find per 400,000 kJ/h of refrigerating capacity the power consumption of the compressor and COP of the cycle. [15]

3. Name the two types of rotary compressors. Explain the working of anyone type of rotary compressor. [15]

Explain the working of thermostatic expansion valve with the help of a neat sketch.[15] 4

Determine the HCOP of a vapour absorption refrigeration system when the temperature of generator is 120°C, the temperature of the condenser is 30° C and the temperature of the evaporator is -20° C. What would be its COP if it were a Carnot? [15] When do the DBT, WBT and DPT become equal? Why does the enthalpy of an airvapour mixture remain constant during an adiabatic saturation process?

800 m³ /min of re-circulated air at 22⁰ C (DBT) and 10⁰ dew point temperature is to mixed with 300 m³ /min of fresh air at 30⁰ C (DBT) and 50% RH. Determine the enthalpy, specific volume, humidity ratio and dew point temp of the resultant mixture. [15]

8.a)

5.

7.

b)

Time: 3 hours

1.

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Differentiate between central and unitary air conditioning systems. Write notes on Grills and Registers.

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