## 1.00 Introduction to Computers and Engineering Problem Solving **Quiz 2 – April 15, 2005**

Name:	
E-mail Address:	
TA:	
Section:	

You have 80 minutes to complete this exam. For coding questions, you do not need to include comments, and you should assume that all necessary files have already been imported.\_\_\_\_\_

Question	Points
1. Inheritance	/10
2. Inheritance	/15
3. Matrix, exception	/20
4. Recursion	/20
5. Swing	/35
Total	/100

HW1	HW2	HW3	HW4	HW5	HW6

# **Question 1. Short answer/true-false: Inheritance (10 points)**

1.	A class can innerit from multiple abstract classes. Circle TRUE or FALSE.			
	TRUE	FALSE		
2.	A class can implement multiple inte	rfaces. Circle TRUE or FALSE		
	TRUE	FALSE		
3.	What is the default visibility of the answer.	e methods in an interface? Circle the correct		
	<ul><li>a. public</li><li>b. protected</li><li>c. private</li><li>d. package</li></ul>			
4.	A subclass may call any non-private no arguments by using the syntax <b>s</b> <sub>1</sub>	<pre>superclass method someMethod that has uper().someMethod();</pre>		
	TRUE	FALSE		
5.	-	class that has an abstract method, and if no for that abstract method, then the subclass		
	TRUE	FALSE		

/10

DO NOT WRITE HERE – FOR GRADERS ONLY

Points awarded:

#### **Question 2. Inheritance (15 points)**

The Account class given below has characteristics similar to those of a bank account.

```
Line No
         public class Account {
  1
               private double balance;
  2
  3
               public Account (double openingBalance) {
  4
                    balance = openingBalance;
  5
  6
               public void deposit(double amt) {
                    balance += amt;
  7
  8
               public final double getPrevBalance(double amt) {
  9
                    return balance - amt;
  10
               }//calculates the balance before the last
  11
                //deposit (amt)
  12
         }
  13
  14
```

Assume class Account is correct. The class Checking inherits from the class Account. Identify the two compilation errors in the class Checking given below.

```
Line No
  1
         public class Checking extends Account {
  2
               private int numTransactions;
  3
  4
               public Checking(double myopeningbalance) {
                    super(myopeningbalance);
  5
                    numTransactions= 0;
  6
  7
               public void deposit(double amt) {
  8
                    balance += amt;
  9
                    numTransactions++;
  10
  11
               public double getPrevBalance(double amt) {
  12
                    if (numTransactions > 0)
  13
                          return super.getPrevBalance(amt);
  14
                    else return 0;
  15
  16
               public int getNumTransactions() {
  17
                    return numTransactions;
  18
               }
  19
         }
  20
```

The	two	errors	are:
1110	LWO	CITOIS	uı c.

1.		
2.		

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Points awarded:		/15	

#### Question 3. Matrices and Exceptions (20 points)

Complete the class SimpleMatrix below by adding a method transpose () with no arguments that transposes a square matrix by moving every element (i,j) to position (j,i) in the output. A general example of transposing a matrix is shown below.

If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then  $A^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ 

The method transpose () returns a new SimpleMatrix which is the transpose of the original matrix. If the matrix is not square, your method must throw a BadMatrixException. You do not need to check if the matrix has >0 rows or columns.

```
public class SimpleMatrix {
    private double [][] data;

public SimpleMatrix(int r, int c) {
        data= new double[r][c];
    }

public double getElement(int i, int j) {
        return data[i][j];
    }

public void setElement(int i, int j, double val) {
        data[i][j] = val;
    }

//continued on the next page
```

// A.	Write	transpose():
}		

B. Write clas	3. Write class BadMatrixException with two (2) constructors:				

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Points awarded:		/20	

#### Question 4. Recursion (20 points)

Complete the method, printBinary(), which prints the binary equivalent of the input int n using a recursive algorithm. Assume the method is called with a positive integer argument n > 0.

The binary equivalent of integer n may be found by repeatedly dividing n by 2 and printing out the remainders. For example, the following procedure illustrates the steps to find the binary equivalent of 13.

```
13/ 2 = 6 remainder 1 (Note that 13 % 2 = 1)
6 / 2 = 3 remainder 0 (Note that 6 % 2 = 0)
3 / 2 = 1 remainder 1
1 / 2 = 0 remainder 1
```

Therefore, 13 in base 2 is 1101. Note the bits are in reverse order of the example calculation.

Use System.out.print(), not System.out.println() to output the bits on one line. Hint: Can you write the result directly when n = 1?

Write your code for printBinary() here:

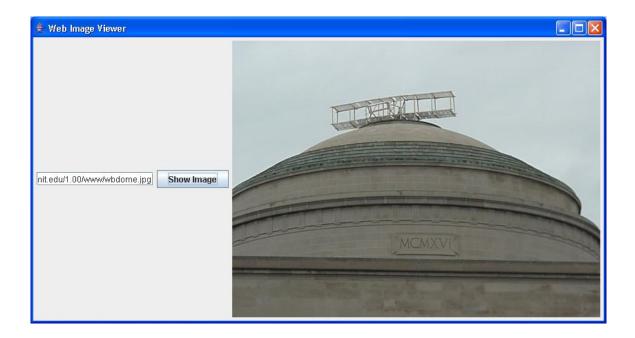
```
public static void printBinary(int n) {
```

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Points awarded:		/20	

}

### Question 5. Swing web image viewer application (35 points)

The application you are given to develop has an interface like one shown in the figure below. This application takes the URL of an image file from the text field (entered by the user), and loads that image to a Jlabel component.



Your application must do the following two things:

- When the "Show Image" button is clicked, the image is loaded from the URL onto the JLabel next to the text field
- If the URL is invalid, catch the exception, blank the text field. (The user will need to enter a correct URL.)

Extend the given fragment of code as follows.

- A. Create and add the necessary components to the interface. Also size the PictureViewer.
- B. Using an anonymous inner class, write and set an event listener for the "Show Image" click event.

```
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.net.*;
public class PictureViewer extends JFrame {
     JLabel imageLabel;
     JPanel picturePanel;
     JTextField urlText;
     JButton showImageButton;
     public PictureViewer() {
           setTitle("Web Image Viewer");
// Part A: add components to the user interface
// Create text field, button, panel
// Recall that JPanel uses FlowLayout)
// Add panel to contentPane
// Add text field, button to panel
// Call pack()
```

```
// Part B: Write, register event listener for the "Show Image"
// click event using anonymous inner class
// See Lecture 17 notes for image viewer example
// 1 Create URL object; its constructor takes String from text box
// 2 Create ImageIcon object; its constructor takes URL argument
// 3 Create JLabel object; its constructor takes ImageIcon as first
// argument, position as second (use SwingConstants.CENTER)
// 4 Add the JLabel object to your GUI. Proceed as usual...
// 5 URL constructor throws MalformedURLException that you must catch
        public static void main(String[] args) {
              PictureViewer app = new PictureViewer();
              app.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
              app.setVisible(true);
  }
    DO NOT WRITE HERE - FOR GRADERS ONLY
    Points awarded:
                                        /35
```